# Seasonal Outlook for Queensland Prepared for the Drought Industry Coordination Group





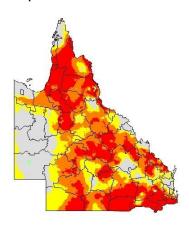
### Introduction

- Current drought conditions
- El Niño-Southern Oscillation (ENSO) status
- Three-month rainfall outlook (BoM August to October)
- Rainfall outlook for the coming summer (DES November to March)

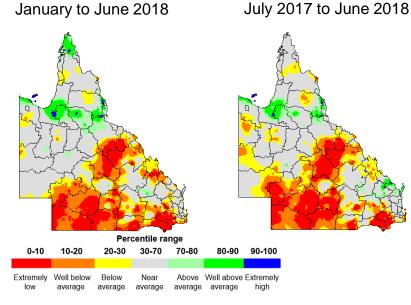


# **Current Drought Conditions**

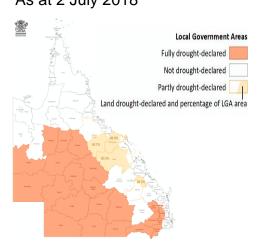
#### Rainfall percentiles previous 3 months April to June 2018



# Rainfall percentiles previous 6 months January to June 2018



# **Queensland Drought Situation** As at 2 July 2018



Over the last three-month period rainfall was extremely low across much of northern, central and southern Queensland.

Over the last six-month period rainfall was extremely low for parts of central, southern and southwestern Queensland.

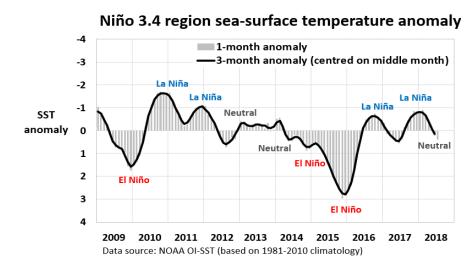
Over the last 12-month period rainfall was extremely low for parts of central, southern and southwestern Queensland.

Rainfall percentiles

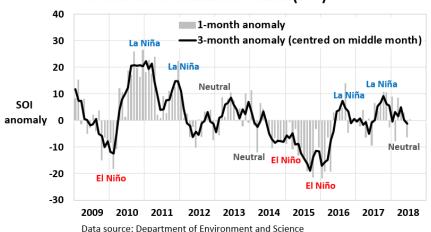
previous 12 months

57 per cent of the State is currently drought declared under State Government processes.

### The El Niño-Southern Oscillation (ENSO)



#### The Southern Oscillation Index (SOI)



#### **Recent Index Values**

#### Niño 3.4 SST anomaly

+0.2°C May to July (-0.1°C May; +0.2°C June; +0.4°C July\*) \* As at 22 July

#### SOI

-1.2 May to July (+2.7 May; -6.4 June; +0.1 July\*\*)

 The Niño 3.4 SST anomaly has warmed over the last three months, but remains within the 'ENSO-Neutral' range. The SOI is also within the 'ENSO-Neutral' range.

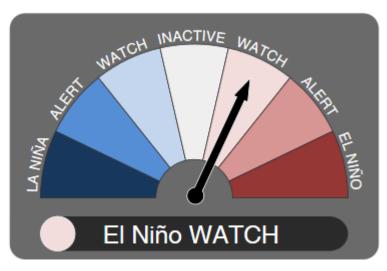
<sup>\*</sup> SST data current to 22 July 2018 provided by NOAA from their web site at http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov

<sup>\*\*</sup> SOI data current to 24 July 2018 sourced from www.longpaddock.qld.gov.au

# The El Niño-Southern Oscillation (ENSO)

#### **BoM ENSO Outlook**

As at 25 July 2018

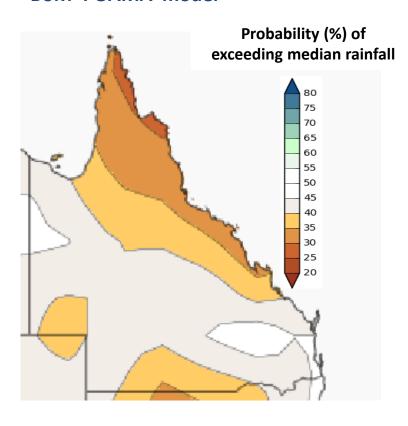


Bureau of Meteorology image from http://www.bom.gov.au

- On 6 June, the BoM revised its ENSO Outlook from the 'Inactive' to the 'El Niño Watch' category.
- The change was due to a warming trend in the surface and sub-surface temperatures of the tropical Pacific.

# BoM rainfall outlook for winter (August to October)

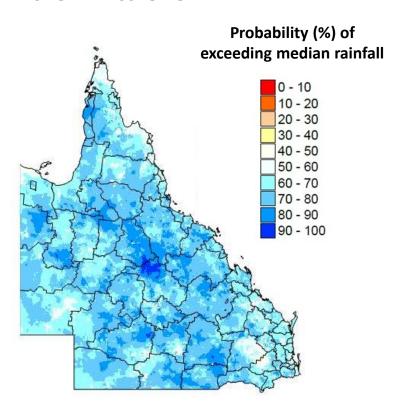
#### BoM 'POAMA' model



- As at 12 July, based on the POAMA model.
- Indicates below normal probabilities of exceeding median August to October rainfall for most of Queensland.
- This outlook is consistent with expectations during El Niño conditions.
- The BoM will update this outlook on 26 July.

# Rainfall outlook for the coming summer (November to March)

#### 'SPOTA-1' scheme

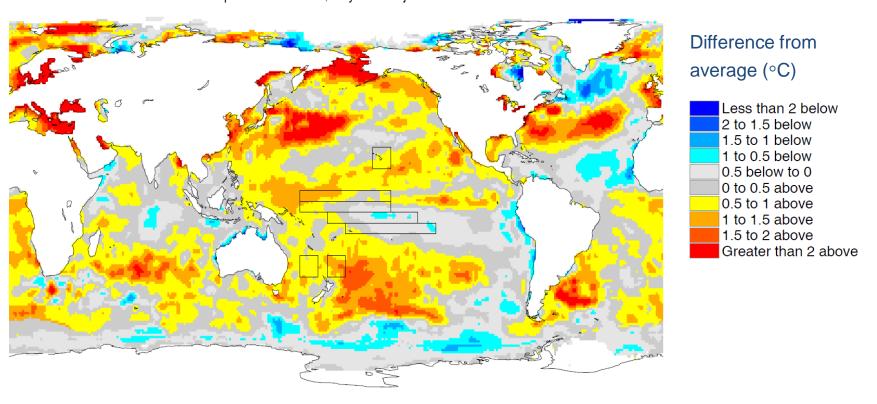


- As at 1 July, based on sea-surface temperature anomalies in the tropical and extra-tropical Pacific Ocean.
- Currently indicates a higher than normal probability of exceeding median summer rainfall across most of Queensland.
- This outlook will be updated each month from August to November, taking into account any change in the Pacific Ocean SST pattern.

# Sea-surface temperature anomalies

#### Reynolds adjusted SST anomalies for June 2018

GISST base period 1900-1995, Reynolds adjustment 1982-2002



# Summary

- Extremely low rainfall across parts of Queensland over the previous three to twelve months.
- ENSO indices are currently in the 'ENSO-neutral' range.
- However SSTs in the central equatorial Pacific have been warming and BoM have an El Niño watch in place.
- BoM's outlook for the next three months indicates a somewhat higher than normal probability of below-median winter rainfall.
- The DES long-lead outlook for the coming summer takes into account the SST pattern across the south-western Pacific.
- This pattern currently indicates a high probability of exceeding median summer rainfall across most of Queensland.
- This long-lead outlook for summer rainfall will be updated on a monthly basis from August to November.