8 Thompson Creek

CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AREA REPORT

WATER QUALITY IMPROVEMENT PLAN 2014 - 2021









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Thompson Creek freshwater ecosystem received an overall score of Moderate.

The Thompson Creek catchment area includes the Nationally Significant Goorganga Plains Wetland Complex. This seasonal wetland covers more than 16,000 hectares and is habitat for a diversity of significant flora and fauna as well as providing a nursery for recreational and commercial fisheries. Beyond the wetlands almost 40% of the catchment supports grazing with an additional 10% under cane production.

Grazing and cane management practices that reduce reactive phophorus and dissolved nitrogen loads are the highest priority for continued improvement of event water quality. Management practices that reduce other nutrients and residual herbicides are also a priority.

Highest priority system repair actions should be planned to improve flow in wetland areas, restore mangroves and saltmarsh for fishery productivity and remove instream barriers. Restoration of instream habitat to support improved bed and bank stability are also important future activities for the ecological health of the catchment.

Grazing and ⁱForestry 6783 ha

Ecosystem HEALTH



Subcatchment Freshwater Ecosystem Health Indicator Score:

Current Condition 2014 and Target 2021

Table 1: OVERVIEW

Table 1

This index presents the indicators chosen to assess the condition of freshwater ecosystem health. The index uses a combination of monitored data and expert opinion to provide a score for the current condition of fish community health, event water quality, ambient water quality, flow, riparian vegetation, and barriers to migration for each of the region's 33 catchment management areas. The table also presents the target for each indicator to be reached by 2021.

Event Freshwater Quality: Current Condition, Targets and Objectives Table 2

Key Pollutant	Current Condition	Target 2021	Objective 2050	Action	Pollutant Source					
THOMPSON CREEK SUBCATCHMENT										
Dissolved Inorganic Nitrogen µg/L	356	303	300	V HIGH	CIU					
Particulate Nitrogen µg/L	66	66	66	LOW	CIUG					
Filterable Reactive Phosphorus µg/L	37	30	30	V HIGH	CIU					
Particulate Phosphorus µg/L	15	15	15	LOW	CIUG					
Total Suspended Sediment mg/L	22	22	22	LOW	CIUG					
Ametryn µg/L	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>LOW</td><td>CIU</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>LOW</td><td>CIU</td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td>LOW</td><td>CIU</td></lod<>	LOW	CIU					
Atrazine µg/L	0.18	0.15	0.15	V HIGH	CIU					
Diuron µg/L	0.56	0.46	0.30	V HIGH	CIU					
Hexazinone µg/L	0.20	0.17	0.17	V HIGH	CIU					
Tebuthiuron µg/L	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>LOW</td><td>G</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>LOW</td><td>G</td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td>LOW</td><td>G</td></lod<>	LOW	G					

Table 2: OVERVIEW

This table presents the current condition (2014) event freshwater quality values for nutrients, sediment, and herbicides. It also presents water quality targets for 2021 and 2050 water quality objectives that have been calculated based on an achievable level of adoption of improved management practices and the level of effort that will be required ("Action"). For each of the pollutants listed, the table also identifies the main pollutant source.

Action Targets: Ecosystem Health Management Table 3



The table below displays the current level of management practices for Sugarcane/Horticulture, Grazing, and Urban within D, C, B and A Management Framework classifications at 2014. The table also presents the level of voluntary adoption of management practices required to meet 2021 objectives and their associated costs.

Table 4 Agriculture ABCD Adoption Targets

Land Use		2014 Adoption %				
		D	с	В	Α	
THOMPSON C						
Cane & Horticulture	Soil	18%	29%	49%		
	Nutrient	20%	34%	41%		
	Herbicide	20%	34%	41%		
Grazing	Soil	25%	39%	31%		

D Dated practice

Further explanation of data is provided in that document www.reefcatchments.com/wgip



Table 3: OVERVIEW This table presents the onground management actions determined to be required to improve ecosystem health, including the removal of barriers to fish migration, establishment of riparian vegetation, bank stabilisation, and in-stream habitat works. The table displays the current condition for each component, as well as the planned activities to be completed by 2021, the level of effort required and associated costs.

Tables 4: OVERVIEW

