11 O'Connell River

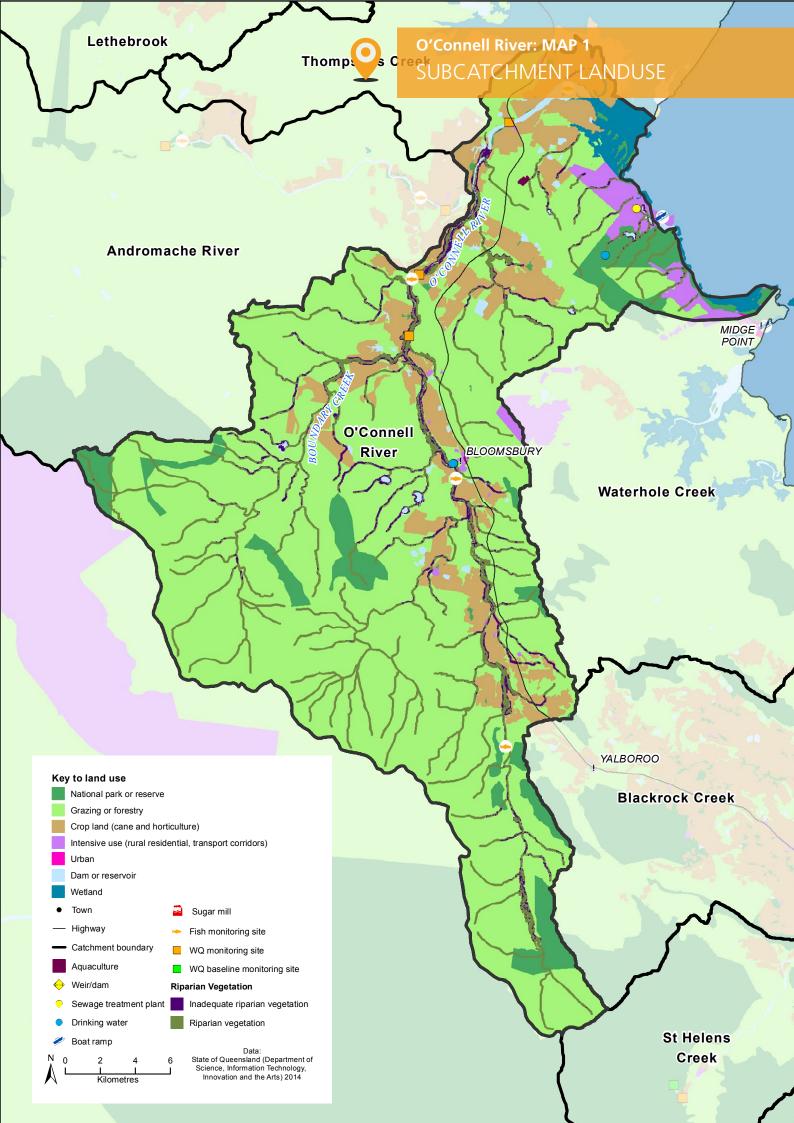




WATER QUALITY IMPROVEMENT PLAN 2014 - 2021

CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AREA REPORT

11 O'Connell River



CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AREA REPORT

11 O'Connell River

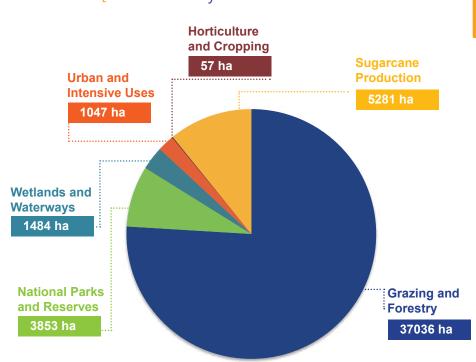






The O'Connell River freshwater ecosystem received an overall score of Poor.

[Total Area by Landuse



Total hectares O'Connell River

48758 ha

The O'Connell River is one of the largest rivers in the Mackay Whitsunday region. Cane and grazing production are the dominant land uses with small urban populations at Bloomsbury and Midge Point. In 2007, the water quality and ecological health of the O'Connell River was rated as low to moderate relative to other catchments in the Mackay Whitsunday region.

Grazing and sugar cane management practices that reduce particulate phosphorous loads are the highest priority for improving event water quality. Management practices that reduce other nutrients and residual herbicides are a moderate priority.

System repair actions for flow, instream habitat, riparian vegetation and mangroves and saltmarsh are the highest priority. A significant increase in investment towards active management and restoration of instream habitat and riparian vegetation is required to enable fish communities to gain the maximum benefits from the improvement in water quality.

Ecosystem HEALTH]

Subcatchment Freshwater Ecosystem Health Indicator Score: Current Condition 2014 and Target 2021



... Table 1: OVERVIEW

This index presents the indicators chosen to assess the condition of freshwater ecosystem health. The index uses a combination of monitored data and expert opinion to provide a score for the current condition of fish community health, event water quality, ambient water quality, flow, riparian vegetation, and barriers to migration for each of the region's 33 catchment management areas. The table also presents the target for each indicator to be reached by 2021.

Table 2 Event Freshwater Quality: Current Condition, Targets and Objectives

Key Pollutant	Current Condition	Target 2021 Objective 2050		Action	Pollutant Source					
O'CONNELL RIVER SUBCATCHMENT										
Dissolved Inorganic Nitrogen μg/L	326	300	300	HIGH	CIU					
Particulate Nitrogen μg/L	361	311	311	V HIGH	CIUG					
Filterable Reactive Phosphorus µg/L	40	37	30	HIGH	CIU					
Particulate Phosphorus µg/L	124	107	70	V HIGH	CIUG					
Total Suspended Sediment mg/L	154	133	133	V HIGH	CIUG					
Ametryn µg/L	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>LOW</td><td>CIU</td></lod<></td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td><lod< td=""><td>LOW</td><td>CIU</td></lod<></td></lod<>	<lod< td=""><td>LOW</td><td>CIU</td></lod<>	LOW	CIU					
Atrazine μg/L	0.04	0.04	0.04	LOW	CIU					
Diuron μg/L	0.16	0.16	0.16	LOW	CIU					
Hexazinone µg/L	0.02	0.02	0.02	LOW	CIU					
Tebuthiuron μg/L	0.18	0.10	0.02	V HIGH	G					

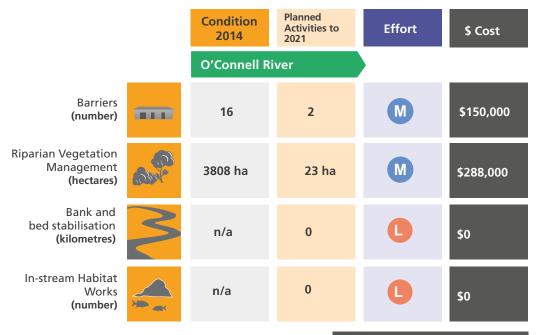
C Cane **IU** Intensive Uses **G** Grazing

····· Table 2: OVERVIEW

This table presents the current condition (2014) event freshwater quality values for nutrients, sediment, and herbicides. It also presents water quality targets for 2021 and 2050 water quality objectives that have been calculated based on an achievable level of adoption of improved management practices and the level of effort that will be required ("Action"). For each of the pollutants listed, the table also identifies the main pollutant source.

Table 3 Action Targets: Ecosystem Health Management

L = Low, M = Moderate, H = High



Total Cost = \$ 438,000

Table 3: OVERVIEW

This table presents the onground management actions determined to be required to improve ecosystem health, including the removal of barriers to fish migration, establishment of riparian vegetation, bank stabilisation, and in-stream habitat works. The table displays the current condition for each component, as well as the planned activities to be completed by 2021, the level of effort required and associated costs.

Tables 4 and 5: OVERVIEW

The tables below display the current level of management practices for Sugarcane/
Horticulture, Grazing, and Urban within D, C, B and A Management Framework classifications at 2014. The table also presents the level of voluntary adoption of management practices required to meet 2021 objectives and their associated costs.

Table 4 Agriculture ABCD Adoption Targets

Land Use			2014 Add	option %			Total Cost			
		D	С	В	Α	D	С	В	Α	\$ '000s
O'CONNELL RIVER										
Cane & Horticulture	Soil	11%	12%	38%	38%	10%	10%	35%	45%	56
	Nutrient	12%	29%	36%	24%	5%	25%	40%	30%	220
	Herbicide	2%	3%	60%	36%	5%	5%	45%	45%	0
Grazing	Soil	25%	37%	33%	5%	15%	25%	55%	5%	1461
D Dated practice C Common practice B Best practice A Cutting-ed									-edge practice	

Table 5 Urban Practice ABCD Adoption Targets

Land Use		2014 Adoption %				2021 Adoption %				Total Cost
		D	С	В	Α	D	С	В	Α	\$ '000s
O'CONNELL RIVER SUBCATCHMENT										
Diffuse Source Water Quality - DEVELOPMENT PLANNING AND CONSTRUCTION PHASE		20%	80%	0%	0%	0%	50%	40%	10%	746
Diffuse Source Water Quality - POST-CONSTRUCTION/ OPERATIONAL PHASE		15%	85%	0%	0%	0%	50%	40%	10%	746
D Dated practices C					Conventiona	al practices	B Best pr	actices A	Aspirational	